U.S. Task Force Didn't Frighten India

The dramatic appearance of a U.S. naval task force in the Ray of Bengal on the eve of singer omphasized at their sethe Pakistani surrender, it now appears, didn't intimidate India at all but merely strengthened her ties with

In New Delhi, Soviet Ambassador Nikolai M. Pegov gave India secret assurances side of the Bengalis, the Indian Ocean and ... will not allow the Seventh Fleet to intervene."

He also promised, in case of a Chinese attack across the Himalayas, that Russia "would open a diversionary action in Sinkiang." In short, he promised Soviet military action against both the U.S. and China if they intervened on Pakistan's side.

The fascinating story of bigpower intrigue during the indian-Pakistan fighting is told in secret diplomatic dispatches and intelligence reports.

It was precisely this sort of force into Indian waters. secret maneuvering that got This was definitely intended intervene," said Pegov, "the the U.S. deeply embroiled in as a "show of force," although Soviet Union would open a distributed to the U.S. deeply embroiled in the the Vietnam war before the the flotilia had the additional versionary action in Sinkiang. American people realized mission of evacuating Pegov also commented that was going on. We believe it is in the public interest, battled Dacca if the need the Bangladesh government is therefore, to publish excerpts arose. from the secret documents,

By Jack Anderson makers to take steps against both the Indians and Soviets India, indicates there had India.

"The President does not the way. want to be evenhanded," Kiscret strategy sessions, "The President believes India is the attacker."

Wrong Side

The State Department's professionals argued that, morally, the U.S. should be on the that "a Soviet fleet is now in wanted their independence from Pakistan. The experts also warned that President Nixon's pro-Pakistan policy would only drive India into Soviet arms.

Kissinger gruffly disputed this, saying of India's Prime Minister Indira Gandhi: "The lady is cold blooded and tough and will not turn India into a Soviet satellity merely because of pique.

Heeding Kissinger and disregarding the professional advice, Mr. Nixon took a tough stand at the United Nations onth Fleet to intervene. against India and ordered the Seventh Fleet to somi a task

Plans In earlier columns, we told while, to arrange provocative and will change their current when Kuznetsov sent him the how presidential adviser leaks in such places as Dig attitude toward the crisis."

Henry Kissinger assured re-karta, Manila and Singaporo Another intelligence report, The American people, meanporters the U.S. wasn't anti-Inof the task forge's approach, giving the secret details of Sowhile, are entitled to straight
dia at the same time he was
By the time the ships had as viet Deputy Foreign Minister
talk from their leaders.

Rell-McClure Syndicate

This merely served to bring blitzkreig. India and Russia closer to-

"Pegov stated that Pakistan is trying to draw both the United States and China into the present conflict. The Sobelieve that either country will intervene.

"According to Pegov, the movement of the U.S. Seventh Fleet is an effort by the U.S. to bully India, to discourage it from striking against West Pakistan and at the same time to boost the morale of the Pakistani forces.

"Pegov noted that a Soviet flect is now in the Indian Ocean and that the Soviet Union will not allow the Sev-

Soviet Threat

"If China should decide to were made, mean China will be unable to act Brezhnev was not in Moscow

were well aware they were on been some Soviet impatience over the pace of the Indian

Kuznetsov, after his arrival gether. A secret intelligence in New Delhi on Dec. 12, told report, giving a "reliable" account" of Soviet Ambassador lin was "impatient with the In-Nikolai Pegov's conversations dian armed forces for their inwith Indian officials, declared: ability to liberate Bangladesh within the ten-day time frame mentioned before the out break of hostilities."

Kuznetnov pointed out, acviet Union, however, does not cording to the secret report, that Soviet opposition to a cease-fire "becomes more untenable the longer the war goes on in the east.

"While Kuznetsov said the Soviet Union will continue to use its veto to stall any efforts to bring about a cease-fire for the present, he stressed the importance of quick and decisive Indian action in liberating Bangladesh in the shortest time possible.

"Kuznetsov delayed scheduled return to Moscow because he is awaiting special instructions from Leonid Brezhnev, general secretary of the Soviet Communist Party, regarding India's request that the Soviet Union sign a defense agreement with the Bangldesh government after Soviet recognition of Bangldesh.

"According to Kuznetsov,

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